Cycle J277 Unit 1: Systems Architecture									
Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 1									
Name:							TARGET		
HWK Mark	/80	Assessment Result:	/40	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE	

KEYWORDS							
Fetch-Execute	CPU	ALU					
Control Unit	Cache	Von Neumann					
MAR	MDR	Program Counter					
Accumulator	Clock Speed	Cache Size					
Cores	RAM/ROM	Embedded System					
Virtual Memory	Volatile	Non- Volatile					
Storage	Capacity	Durability					
Portabilty	Reliability	Cost					

## Unit Description The unit is subdivided into three topics and an end-of-unit assessment. The unit

covers Section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Primary storage and secondary storage are both covered.

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

#### **Previous Learning:**

	Unit 1: Systems Architecture	<b>✓</b>			
7-9	Describe how virtual memory is used				
7-3	Accurately evaluate the differences in characteristics between different devices				
	Describe the Von Neumann architecture including: MAR, MDR, Program counter, accumulator				
	Describe common CPU components and their function: ALU, CU, Cache, Registers				
	Describe the advantages and disadvantages of different storage devices and media relating to the following characteristics: capacity, speed, portability, durability, reliability, cost				
6 - 7	Understand the purpose of ROM				
	Be able to state the differences between RAM and ROM				
	Describe the characteristics of CPUs that affect their performance including clock speed, cache size, number of cores				
	Choose suitable storage devices and storage media for a given application				
	Understand the purpose of the CPU including the fetch-execute cycle				
	Understand the purpose of RAM				
	Understand the need for virtual memory				
5	Understand the need for secondary storage				
	Understand the need for primary storage				
	Understand the purpose and characteristics of embedded systems				
	Be able to list the common types of storage: optical, magnetic, solid state				
4	List various secondary storage devices and storage media				
	Give examples of embedded systems				

Cycle J277 Unit 2: Data Representation								
Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 2								
Name:						TAR	GET	
HWK Mark	/90	Assessment Result:	/50	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE

KEYWORDS									
Bit	Nibble	Kilo	Byte	Mega	Giga				
Tera	Peta	Bi	nary	Bit Depth					
Sampl	e Rate	Colou	ır Depth Pixel						
Binary	Shift (left,	/right)	Most	Most / Least Significant					
Charac	Character Set A			SCII Unicode					
Meta	Meta Data H			lertz Compression					
	Lossy			Lossless					

Unit Description

The unit is subdivided into six topics and an end-of-unit assessment. The unit covers Section 1.2.3 and 1.2.4 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Units and data storage are both covered.

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

#### **Previous Learning:**

	Unit 2: Data Representation	✓
	Convert between binary, denary and hexadecimal equivalents of the same number	
7-9	Understand that the number of bits per pixel determines the number of available colours for an image	
7-3	Explain how sampling (Sample rate & Bit depth) intervals and resolution affect the size of a sound file	
	Explain the relationship between file size and image resolution	
	Add two 8-bit binary integers and explain overflow errors which may occur	
	Explain the trade-off between file size and the quality of playback	
6 - 7	Understand the use of binary codes to represent characters	
	Be able to represent a short sound file in binary	
	Understand how sound is sampled and stored in digital form	
	Understand the use of binary shifts	
5	Convert positive denary whole numbers (0-255) into 2-digit hexadecimal numbers and vice versa	
3	Convert positive denary whole numbers (0-255) into 8-bit binary numbers and vice versa	
	Add two 8-bit binary integers	
	Define the terms nibble, terabyte and petabyte	
	Define the terms bit, byte, kilobyte, megabyte, gigabyte	
4	Understand the term 'character set'	
-	Understand how a bitmap graphic is made up of individual pixels	
	Explain how each pixel is represented in binary	
	Understand that data needs to be converted into a binary format to be processed by a computer	

Cycle J277 Unit 3: Networks									
Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 3									
Name:						TARGET			
HWK Mark	/70	Assessment Result:	/50	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE	

KEYWORDS								
LAN	WAN	Late	ency	Bandwidth				
Wireles	s Access F	oints	Routers Swit		Switches			
Network Interface Card			DNS	ONS Transmission Media				
Hos	The Cloud		Web Server					
Client	Client Server		Star Network		letwork			
Торо	Topology IP A		IP Addressing		dressing			
TC	TC/IP		POP3 IMA		AP			
SMTP Lay		ers	IPv4	IPv6				

# Unit Description The unit is subdivided into six topics and an end-of-unit assessment. The unit covers Section 1.3.1 and 1.3.2 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Networks and topologies, wired and wireless networks, protocols, layers are all covered

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit

#### **Previous Learning:**

	Unit 3: Networks	<b>✓</b>					
7-9	Explain the concept of layers in the TCP/IP protocol stack						
7-9	Describe the uses of communications protocols including: TCP/IP						
	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of various transmission media						
	Describe the uses of communications protocols including: FTP, POP, IMAP & SMTP						
6 - 7	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of client-server and peer-to-peer networks						
	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of various transmission media						
	Explain the use of Ethernet standards to transmit data over a wired network						
	Explain the role of computers in client-server and peer-to-peer networks						
	Understand how encryption is used to secure data across network connections						
	Explain the need for IP addressing of resources on the Internet and how this can be facilitated by the role of DNS services						
_	Understand the need for Network Interface Cards and the uses of MAC addressing						
5	Explain packet switching						
	Describe routers and switches needed to connect stand-alone computers into a Local Area Network						
	Describe the difference between a Local Area Network and a Wide Area Network						
	Define a Wide Area Network						
	Describe the nature of the Internet as a worldwide collection of computer networks						
	Explain the need for Wireless Access Points to create wireless hotspots						
4	Describe star and mesh network topologies & what is meant by: Hosting & The Cloud						
4	Describe the uses of communications protocols including: HTTP &HTTPS						
	Understand wireless modes of connection, including: Wi-Fi & Bluetooth						
	Describe the factors that affect network performance						

#### J277 Unit 4: Network security and systems software Cycle **OCR GCSE COMPUTER SCIENCE** Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 4 **TARGET** Name: **Assessment SBE** /55 /40 BE Ε SAE **HWK Mark** ΑE **Result:**

KEYWORDS							
Malware	Virus	Worm					
social engineering	Trojan horse	phishing					
brute-force attack	data interception	SQL injection					
denial of service attack	data theft	penetration testing					
anti-malware software	anti-virus software	firewalls					
encryption	physical security	operating system					
user interface	utility software	drivers,					
graphical user interface (GUI)	multitasking	defragmentation					
command line interface (CLI)	peripheral management	memory management					

# The unit is subdivided into four topics and an end-of-unit assessment. The unit covers Section 1.4 and 1.5 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Threats to computer systems and networks, identifying and preventing vulnerabilities, operating systems and utility software are all covered.

**Unit Description** 

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

#### **Previous Learning:**

	Unit 4: Network Security & Systems Software	✓				
7-9	Explain the need for the following functions of an operating systems including memory management and multitasking					
	Identify and understand the prevention of vulnerabilities with the use of firewalls such as Denial of Service Attacks & SQL injection					
	Describe the purpose and functionality of common utility software including: Encryption software, Defragmentation software & data compression software.					
6 - 7	Explain the need for the following functions of an operating system such as User interface, Memory management and multitasking, Peripheral management and drivers, User management & File management					
0-7	Understand forms of attack and threats posed to a network including: Denial of service attacks & SQL injection					
	Identify and understand the prevention of vulnerabilities including the use of: penetration testing, user access levels & encryption					
5	Understand the following forms of attack and threats to a network including Social engineering, Brute force attacks & Data interception and theft					
	Identify and understand the prevention of vulnerabilities including the use of: anti-malware software, passwords & physical security					
	Understand forms of attack and threats posed to a network such as Malware					
4	Explain the need for the User interface for an operating system					
	Understand a variety forms of attach and threats the pose at a basic level such as phishing					

Cycle J277 Unit 5: Impacts of Digital Technology								
Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 5								
Name:						TARGET		
HWK Mark	/60	Assessment Result:	/30	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE

KEYWORDS						
Ethical	Cultural	Environmental				
Legislation	Manufacture	Disposal				
Upgrade	Replace	E-Waste				
Privacy	Legal	Data Protection				
Computer Misuse	Copyright	Copyright Designs				
Open Source	Proprietary	& Patents Act				

The unit is subdivided into three topics and an end-of-unit assessment. The unit covers Section 1.5 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Different computer technologies and applications and the ethical, environmental and legal considerations surrounding them are described.

**Unit Description** 

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

#### **Previous Learning:**

	Unit 5: Impacts of Digital Technology	<b>✓</b>
7 - 9	List the clauses of the Data Protection Act and Computer Misuse Act and give examples of situations in which they are relevant	
	Evaluate the impact of and issues related to the use of computers in society	
6.7	Discuss the impacts of digital technology on the wider society including ethical issues, cultural issues and environmental issues	
6 - 7	Discuss the impact of manufacture, disposal, upgrading and replacing digital technology	
	Discuss the impact of digital technology regarding legal issues and privacy issues	
	Discuss the impact of e-waste	
	Describe legislation relevant to Computer Science including:	
	The Data Protection Act 2018	
5	Computer Misuse Act 1990	
	Copyright Designs and Patents Act 1988	
	Describe the features of open source and proprietary software licences	
4	List ethical issues, cultural issues and environmental issues in relation to a given scenario	
4	List items of legislation that relate to digital technology	

Cycle J277 Unit 6: Algorithms								
	Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 6							
Name:		TARGET						
HWK Mark	/94	Assessment Result:	/50	SBE	ВЕ	E	AE	SAE

KEYWORDS						
Computational thinking	reference language	decomposition				
algorithmic thinking	inputs	processes				
outputs	structure diagrams	pseudocode				
flowcharts	abstraction	trace tables				
syntax error	logical error	algorithm				
decision	terminal	sub program				
process	binary search	linear search				
bubble sort	merge sort	insertion sort				
variables	constants	operators				
assignments	sequence	selection				
iteration	Boolean operators	arithmetic operators				
modulus	quotient	exponentiation				

## The unit covers Section 2.1 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Computational thinking, pseudocode, flowcharts, trace tables, searching algorithms and sorting algorithms are all covered in this unit.

**Unit Description** 

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

#### **Prior Learning:**

	Unit 6: Algorithms	✓
7 - 9	Understand how to determine the correct output of an algorithm for a given set of data  Be able to Identify an algorithm if given the code for it  Understand the Merge Sort and be able to apply it	
	Create and use of trace tables to follow an algorithm	
6 - 7	Understand how to identify and correct errors in algorithms  Create, interpret, correct, complete and refine algorithms using flowcharts	
	Write algorithms in pseudocode involving sequence, selection and iteration	
	Understand the sort algorithms such as bubble & insert sort  Understand the principles of computational thinking such as Abstraction, decomposition &	
5	algorithmic thinking  Be able to apply each algorithm to a data set	
3	Be able to produce structure diagrams to show: The structure of a problem & Subsections and their links to other subsections	
	Understand flowchart symbols	
4	Understand and use the Linear search	
	Understand arithmetic operators and variables	
	Define the data types integer, real, Boolean, character, string	

Cycle J277 Unit 7 Programming								
	Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 7							
Name:	ame: TARGET							
HWK Mark	/113	Assessment Result:	/60	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE

KEYWORDS						
Variables	==, !=, <, <=, >, >=,	open				
Constants	+, -, *, /,	read				
Operators	MOD, DIV, ^,	write				
Inputs	Exponentiation	close				
Outputs	data types	records				
Assignment	integer	SQL				
Sequence	real	Arrays				
Selection	Boolean	one-dimensional array				
Iteration	Character	two-dimensional array				
Arithmetic operators	String	sub program/subroutine				
Boolean operators	Casting	functions				
AND	string manipulation	procedures				
OR	file handling	random numbers				
NOT	Concatenation	SQL				
SELECT	FROM	WHERE				

### **Unit Description**

The unit covers Section 2.2 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Programming fundamentals, data types and additional programming techniques are all covered in this unit.

**Homework** is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The final assessment given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit.

### **Prior Learning:**

	Unit 7: Programming	<b>✓</b>
7-9	Learn how to write simple procedures and functions	
7-3	Understand and use parameters to pass data to procedures and functions	
	Know that subroutines may use local variables which are accessible only within the subroutine	
	Use local variables and explain why it is good practice to do so	
	Explain the advantages of using subroutines in programs	
	Read from and write to a text file	
6 - 7	Use arithmetic operators including MOD and DIV	
	Use string handling and conversion functions	
	Understand the concept of subroutines	
	Use SQL (Structured Query Language) statements to search for data: i.e. Formulate criteria involving AND, OR and LIKE / Use SELECT, FROM, WHERE, ORDER BY statements / Use the wildcard *	
	Understand and use basic file handling operations: open / read / write / close	
	Use selection and nested selection statements	
_	Use NOT, AND and OR when creating Boolean expressions	
5	Understand and use iteration in an algorithm	
	Write algorithms in pseudocode involving sequence, selection and iteration	
	Use one- and two-dimensional arrays in the design of solutions to simple problems	
	Understand and use data types: integer, real, Boolean, character and string	
	Declare and use constants and variables	
4	Use input, output and assignment statements	
•	Use random number generation	
	Write algorithms in pseudocode involving sequences	

Cycle J277 Unit 8: Logic & Languages								
	Recommended Reading: PG Online OCR GCSE J277 Computer Science Chapter 8							
Name:	Name: TARGET							
HWK Mark	/79	Assessment Result:	/60	SBE	BE	E	AE	SAE

VENIMODDS					
KEYWORDS					
erroneous	syntax	error	logic gates		
syntax	logic	error	logic diagrams		
authentication	test	data	conjunction		
validation	nor	mal	disjunction		
maintainability	bour	ndary	negation		
sub programs	invalid		commenting		
naming conventions	Defensive design		low-level language		
indentation	test plan		translators		
iterative testing	AND / O	R / NOT	error diagnostics		
testing	com	piler	interpreter		
high-level language	Run-time environment		Integrated Development Environment (IDE)		
final/terminal testing	truth table		Editors		
logical operate	cors anticipating misuse		cipating misuse		

Unit Description

The unit covers Section 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 of the OCR J277 specification for GCSE Computer Science. Producing robust programs, Boolean logic and Programming languages and Integrated Development Environments are all covered in this unit.

**Homewor**k is given for each lesson. These consist of a mixture of short, factual questions assessing knowledge in isolation and longer questions in which students are asked to analyse a situation or justify their answer to questions.

The **final assessment** given assesses student's knowledge of the current unit

#### **Prior Learning:**

Students will benefit from having studied programming concepts with a programming language prior to undertaking this unit. Students should have a basic understanding of computer systems from lessons delivered as part of the Key Stage 3 national curriculum.

	Unit 8: Logic & Languages	✓
	Explain how to make maintainable programs including: The use of Sub-Programs	
7-9	Describe the characteristics and purpose of High Level Languages	
, ,	Describe the characteristics and purpose of Low Level Languages	
	Interpret the results of truth tables	
C 7	Describe the characteristics of a compiler and interpreter	
6 - 7	Understand the purpose of translators	
	Select and use suitable test data	
	Understand the purpose of testing including Iterative Testing / Final Testing	
	Understand how to make maintainable programs (Use Comments)	
_	Describe defensive design considerations: Input Validation	
3	Describe defensive design considerations: Anticipating misuse	
	Describe defensive design considerations: Authentication	
	Identify syntax and logic errors	
	Create, modify and interpret simple logic circuit diagrams	
	Construct truth tables for simple logic circuits	
4	Understand how to make maintainable programs including: Naming Conventions & Indentation	
	Construct truth tables for the following logic gates: NOT / AND / OR	
	Draw the Logic gate for AND / OR / NOT	